The Standard

OR RIVER-PLATE NEWS.

Published every morning at the *Standard* printing office. Subscription 25 $ per month. Eds' & Props. M. G. & E. T. Mulhall. Advertisements received until 8 P. M.: no exceeding 6 lines, inserted 3 times for 5 $, or 30 $ a month Single copies 2 $. Calle Belgrano 72 & 74.

Friday 18th July — BUENOS-AYRES. — N.º 159

MAUÁ BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

Interest for the current month

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE

For balances in our favor in account current 15 p $.

For balances in favor of customers 9 p $.

In account current, paper money

For balances in our favor 10 p $.

For balances in favor of customers 6 $.

Deposits for a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres July 1st 1866.

P. P. Maua & Co.

William Leslie.

STEAM-LINE

BETWEEN

BUENOS AYRES and MONTEVIDEO

FREIGHT & PASSENGERS

THE NATIONAL STEAMER

CAAGUAZU

CAPTAIN—ALEX. HENDERSON.

Leaves Buenos Ayres every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock, and the Colonia, every Monday & Thursday at the same hour.

FARES

Passengers 4 pat. | Freight 2 pat.
Gold 1¼ p. $ | Silver 1¾ p.

NOTE.—Parcels at conventional prices, and received up to 10 o'clock on the morning of starting.

For further particulars, apply at the Agency of Luis Cerro, calle Rivadavia No. 41.

GEORGE EELES.

TAILOR and CLOTHIER,

Respectfully informs the Public that he has commenced business in Calle Defensa, No 39, where, by strict attention and moderate charges, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

FRIENDS AT HOME.

Mr. Charles Rivers, calle San Martin, opposite the Banco Ingles, begs to inform the public that he takes Photographic likenesses, on either paper and cards, especially adopted for transmission to Europe.

American Improvements!!

Messrs Mackie & Kelsey have just received from New York a machine for making *twelve pictures at a time*. All persons wishing, *evening cards* will be supplied by the dozen at a moderate price, also photographs for lockets, albums, &c. Persons sending pictures by last Packet are requested to leave their orders a few days previous Gallery 44 calle Esmeralda, corner to Piedad.

FOR COLONIA.

Twice a week

The well known fast-sailing and commodious Pilot-Boat

FELOZ

Leaves for the above Port every Tuesday y Saturday at. 9 A. M. returning every Monday and Thursday.

For particulars apply at the Whale boat and lighter office N. 39 Paseo de Julio.

George Kear

FOR ROSARIO.

AND INTERMEDIATE RIVER PORTS

THE WELL KNOWN, ENGLISH STEAMER

ESPIGADOR

Capt. James Thompson

Reduced Fares

Leaves for the above ports every Saturday at 10 o'clock in the morning and returns every Thursday, leaving Rosario every Wednesday.

FARES.

	Cabin.	Deck.
For Rosario.....	$ 10	$ 5
San Nicolas, Obligado, La Herma- (s and San Pedro)	8	4
Zarate.....	100 m/c	50
San Fernando....	30	30

Freight—For Rosario 6 patacones, for San Nicolas 5 do per ton, of 40 cubic feet, or 85 arrobas weight.

Specie silver, 1¾ p. $—Gold 1¼ p. $

Henry Dowse

Steamboat Agency Office.

Calle Cuyo No. 1.

FOR SALTO

Calling at the intermediate ports of Nueva Palmira, Fray Bentos, Concepcion, Concordia and Peisandu.—

The new fast-sailing Orient. steamer,

Villa del Salto,

Captain P. Flores.

This splendid steamer, built expressly for the navigation of the river Uruguay, offers unsurpassed accommodations for both cabin and steerage passengers.

Leaves on the 9th, 19th and 29th of each month, returning on the 4th, 14th and 24th, on which days she sails for Montevideo at 5 o'clock sharp in the afternoon.

Fares.	Cabin	Deck
Nueva Palmira	6 pats	3 pats
Fray Bentos	10 "	5 "
Concepcion	14 "	7 "
Paysandu	16 "	8 "
Concordia and Salto	20 "	10 "

Children from the age of two to ten years pay half.

Parcels at conditional prices.

Specie—Gold 1¼ per cent, silver 1¾ per do.

For further particulars apply to the Agent—

Henry Dowse,

Steamboat Agency Office,

1 calle Cuyo.

Sheep for Banda Oriental.

The National steamer

CHANGADOR.

This well known steamer is now ready to transport sheep from this province or elsewhere to the Banda Oriental.

The corrales and fixtures on board, for the accommodation of the animals, insure the owners from all risk whatever in over-crushing, &c

Rates

To Santa Lucia	3 1/2	rs fuertes
Colonia	2	do
Higuelitas	4	do
Fray Bentos	5	do
Arroyo Negro	6 1/2	do
Paysandu	7	do

For further particulars apply to

Henry Dowse,

Steamboat Agency Office,

No. 1 calle Cuyo.

NOW LOADING

BY

BUNGE & BENN,

SHIP-BROKERS.

For Antwerp,

The fine American ship

Messenger

490 tons, A. A. Hooper, Master.

Consignees—Messrs E. Bunge and Co

Also, the Hamburg Brigantine

Elizabeth,

of 183 tons. D. Schuldt, Master.

Consignees—Messrs Arning & Hutz.

The Belgian barque

Hortense,

of 348 tons. H. Houssen, Master.

Consignees, Messrs Llavallol & Sons.

For further particulars respecting the above named ships, please apply to

Bunge and Benn

Ship Brokers—Calle 25 de Mayo, 67.

English Grammar-School.

Calle Suypacha, 306.

Principal—Mr. Pongerard, ex-Professor at the London University College-sch ol.

This institution, though not exclusive in its character, will be opened with the view of affording the foreign element of Buenos Ayres a school based entirely on the home principles.

With this intention, and from the support already promised him by some of the first English families of the city, the Rector has determined to found the present Grammar School, which he hopes, from his long experience and professorship in the above mentioned famous institution, to raise to such eminence as to meet in every respect the wants of this highly respectable society.

The classes comprehend the following branches:

English, French, Spanish

Latin, Mathematics

History, Ancient & Modern

Geography, Writing, &c.

Other branches, such as German, Drawing and Music, are extra.

The strictest discipline will be invariably maintained, due regard being paid to the sanitary condition of the pupils.

In order to reconcile domestic affections with the scholastic duties, children, whose parents may so wish, will be allowed to leave on Saturday evening, and return on Monday mornings at an early hour.

A monthly note will be addressed to the parents of the pupils, informing them of the conduct and progress of the children. No corporal punishment will be inflicted.

Each pupil will furnish the following articles, with wearing apparel:

An iron bedstead & washing-stand,

a trunk, linen, &c.

Terms of admission.

For rooms $ 500 PER MONTH—Half-boarders, $300 ditto ditto

Medical attendance and books charged to parents. Paper, pens and ink, found by the establishment.

The opening of the classes will take place on May 5th. Only a limited number of boarders will be admitted, in order to maintain a high standard of respectability and morality. No day-scholars taken. The play-grounds are spacious.

Buenos Ayres, May 6th.

P. Pongerard—Principal.

American Dentist,

DR. N. G. CORNWALL,

Calle Rivadavia, 27.

Teeth filled, cleaned, extracted, & inserted on pivot gold plate and vulcanite base, in the most approved manner.

SHEEP—SHEEP—SHEEP

Important to Sheep Farmers.

A sure cure for the Scab in Sheep.

The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to the Wool Growers of this country, that he has now received a large quantity of the celebrated *South Down Sheep Wash.*

This valuable preparation is highly recommended for its safety, convenience, utility and economy. It is a concentrated extract, one pound of which is equal to ten pounds of tobacco, retaining in this compact form all the properties of the raw material; at the same time saving the very disagreeable and tedious operation of preparing the wash as is usually practised in this country. The only labor required with the article now offered to the public is to stir the same into the quantity of water needed for the Sheep that are intended to be dipped. This Sheep Wash is highly recommended and extensively used by the wool Growers of Australia and South Africa. The Samples that have been used by a few of the Estancieros of this Country, have given the most perfect satisfaction, and are recommended by them as the most efficacious remedy ever applied in this country: for further particulars apply either personally or by letter to S. S. Bowden.

At Messrs. *James Bell & Co.* (Calle Defensa, esquina Moreno.)

The most satisfactory recommendations of its perfect safety and utility, from the principal estancieros of this country, may be had on application to the undersigned.

THE LARGEST

WOOD YARD IN TOWN.

Messrs Gow, Bell & Son beg to notify the public that they have the largest and best selection of American Pine in Buenos Ayres, Boards and Scantling of every dimension, purposely for corral fences, room floors, and thing roofs Wire, which is at present scarce, they have a large supply of.

Hard Wood and Xandoba Pales, cut expressly for corrals, rimu pin posts &c, at the very lowest market price.

Being so long established in the trade, they can undertake to put up with the best materials in the country.

Their new Yard in the Plaza Constitucion, is opened expressly for the convenience of their country friends.

Orders from the country promptly attended to and goods delivered in either the North or South Plaza, free of charge.

City office, calle Potosi, 64.

GEORGE BELL AND SON

SAUNDERS & KEYSER,

ENGINEERS, MILLWRIGHTS,

SMITHS, &c.

117—Bajo de Mendoza—117

Buenos Ayres.

James Saunderson has this day associated to the public that he has entered into Partnership with Albert Keyser, in the above business, at the premises formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Mossop, and lately in possession of J. Saunders.

Wool presses, cranes, nut destroying machines, wire-stretchers, or screws, of a superior quality, for erecting wire fences, wire rollers, &c., &c. These new erections pumps for ships and chacra purposes, steam and common; steam engines, ships and smith work in general, and all kinds of machinery required at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The great share of patronage which he has enjoyed since commencement business as the best guarantee he can give the friends of its members and trusts in the execution of all orders entrusted to the firm; and with the view it has taken as partner an active and experienced mechanic of business, who will assist him in the important professional

Notice Extraordinary,

OPENING OF THE GREAT

EMPORIUM OF LIGHT

OF THE $ 1 PLATA

At No. 69 CALLE FLORIDA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Buenos Ayres and the Interior Republic, that having examined the extraordinary, he has secured the above named premises, next to the public house the Steel Harp, with an immense supply of the celebrated KEROSENE, and with a stock of kerosene lamps, imported from Europe and North America; expressly the market, which he can offer with

Variety & Kerosene Lamp Combustions

In every respect, is unsurpassed in the Globe of which will be offered for sale at the most reasonable prices. He would moreover invite the attention of the public to the many advantages of the admirable illuminator over all other light giving agents. Kerosene Oil being a pure & rect from bituminous coal, contains all the illuminating properties of coal gas, and produces a clear, white light, more pure than light itself is by flames and each remarkable softness and purity as not to be inferior to the best sperm in the world. For the poor, while it costs less than half the money to give a light nearly twenty times that now in use for the rich. Its use is very simple, odorless, perfectly safe, and the light is so simple that they can not be got out of order. The unquestioned superiority of Kerosene Lamps and other articles illuminated having been well established throughout Europe and North America [where it has been] adopted the unprecedented in the history of instrumental, it is now confidently offered to the public as the most perfect and in every respect most desirable illuminator yet introduced. All are invited to call and see the light and judge for themselves; the evening being the best time, for use the establishment.

H. G. COVERT.

69 calle Florida.

New Auction House.

Calle Victoria, No 84,

Special attention given to sales at private residences, and moneys advanced before the day of sale, when desired. A miscellaneous stock of goods constantly on hand, and just received into this market. Phinon's celebrated Hair Invigorator, to cure dandruff and beautify the hair; also Hair Dye of the same manufacturer. Orders received for Newman's Newark Cider.

Frederick King,

Victoria, 84,

Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

For Antwerp.

The A 1 Dutch brig

SARA,

273 tons register.

A well-known trader to this port. Being a chartered vessel, will have a quick despatch.

For particulars apply to

H. J. POWELL and Co.

For New York.

The A 1 American ship

GEORGE TYNES,

518 tons, is now ready to receive cargo, and will have a quick despatch. Has superior accommodation for passengers.

For particulars apply to E. H. Falconer and Co. or to

H. J. Powell and Co.

For Boston.

A small A 2 good American barque, now discharging, will be ready to receive cargo at the end of the ensuing week.

For particulars apply to

H. J. Powell and Co.

Public Land Surveyor.

For Buenos Ayres and B. Oriental.

The undersigned having now established his office to calle Parque No. 122, where he continues offering his services to his friends as formerly.

Having been many of the Oriental republic, as Public Surveyor, he can claim some of with the interior of the country, and can give references of the principal character from those parts to whom they have honored him with their confidence.

Emilio de Castro de Mayolo.

122 Parque, B. Ayres.

Sample output to test PDF-Combine only

THE STANDARD.

"All that is human, set whirling
By Steam or Electricity."—(Steam.)

FRIDAY, JULY 1859.

LATEST FROM EUROPE

By the U. S. Packet Steamship

ALLIANCE OF PRUSSIA & AUSTRIA

ULTIMATUM TO THE POPE

Marriage of Princess Alice.

Fire Thousand Men to Syria.

FRENCH IN MEXICO.

&c. &c. &c.

By the Steamship Arctic of the 16th instant, we learn that the British Mail P. S. Magdalena had reached Pernambuco, from which port the news was received to Rio Janeiro by the Brazilian S. S. Corrieio do Sul. At the departure of the S. S. Tocantins (5th July) from Rio, the Magdalena arrived with the European mails, but the Message had not been heard of since that date. It is supposed that stress of weather may have obliged her to put into Santa Catalina.

We have dates from Hamburg June 6th, Paris 7th, London 8th, and Lisbon 14th.

The British Parliament had been prorogued by a ministerial dissolution in both Houses, on the 1st inst. on the motion of the Premier, Lord Palmerston, who, in his speech, insisted on the necessity of cutting down the public expenditure, while maintaining at the same time a powerful army and navy. In the Commons, Lord Stanley advanced a motion to the effect that there was room for a reduction in state expenses without compromising the safety, independence and prestige of the Empire. The Government having taken up the matter as a Ministerial question, Lord Palmerston called for a vote of confidence, promising that the Government would exert their efforts and patriotic impulses to reduce the Budget as far as possible. The Chamber passed the vote of confidence.

France is bent on an alliance with Austria, and we hear of big doings already on the *tapis*. General Fleury, aide-de-camp to Napoleon III. is going to Vienna, on the special mission of arranging the Italian question, in the interest of the necessity of a disarmament by the mutual consent, and each applies to a neutral league with Switzerland. Austria evinces a desire to make concessions, and France says she is in a measure bound out of the Italian difficulty to personally respect Austria's territorial limits. Napoleon is the arbiter of Europe, and the Pope, for the purpose of obtaining Settling the Roman government. The Archbishop of Paris has been despatched to confer with His Holiness, and it is believed he has the hint to yield to necessity, as he has been already previously to Austria.

The Times says the Emperor of Russia is in favor of a congress of sovereigns, but Napoleon III. prefers the present mode of settling the affairs of Italy, and will be to be guaranteed by the armies of the Powers, and thinks would be to be guaranteed by the armies of the Powers, and thinks would be to be guaranteed by the armies of the Powers, and thinks would

The Cordoba railway is one of the greatest enterprises that this Republic can record in its annals: it has already passed through the Senate, almost unanimously, and we have no doubt that Messrs. Buschenal and Wheelwright will commence operations, as soon as the Lower Chamber ratifies the bill. The communications with the Provinces will be greatly facilitated, and the power of a National Government made felt throughout the whole Republic. Dr. Sarsfield advocates a collateral measure of public highways which is much wanted; and Don Regulo Martinez leaves, on next Saturday, by order of General Mitre, to regulate the postal service in the provinces of Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, and other parts of the interior.

As a corollary of this project, the Minister of Finance has introduced, before the Deputies, a Customs law, making uniform the dues of the whole Republic. This will abolish differential duties, which placed some of the provinces on the footing of a foreign nation, and substitute a regular system for the heterogeneous tariff hitherto in force. We do not really see why some of the Representatives oppose it the bill, and look rather suspiciously on the hostility of D. Ruiz Moreno, Urquiza's deputy. If Corrientes and Entre Rios pretend to dispute the interference of Congress in their Custom-houses, they might as well separate at once from the union, by virtue of their provincial sovereignty (!), but no reasonable man can complain of an Uniform tariff as being tyrannical.

The Chamber of Deputies has transferred to the National Executive all the State institutions which are not purely provincial. This is a proper step in anticipation of the Capital measure, and was proposed in the Senate by the able jurisconsult, Dr Rawson, but rejected by the majority assembled. Nevertheless we think the deputies have rightly settled this point, before discussing the federalization of Buenos Ayres. It is proper that the President should have at his disposal the means for enforcing obedience to the supreme authority, in the first instance; and then we may leisurely reflect upon plans that authority should have its seat.

At the close of the month, we shall have to name the electoral college for the nomination of President and Vice of the republic. Meantime we have communications from the governments of Cordoba, Sta. Fe, Entre Rios, Corrientes and San Luis, congratulating General Mitre on his election to the Nat. Executive. We may therefore confide that the permanent exaltation of our acting President shall be everywhere attended with general satisfaction.

TRAVELS IN LA PLATA.
CHAP. XXIII.

Continued in Salta.

There is no town, perhaps, in South America where the Carnival is celebrated with more mirth and glee than in Salta; for during that festival, labour and work of every description is entirely suspended; and all ranks of society of every colour and shade are, for a time, on an equal footing. Here may be seen the master and servant; the lady and her maid; the black and the white, all mixed up in the general jubilee, and in the best of good humour. The sport consists principally in throwing handfuls of flour, or powdered starch, in the faces of those who seem least prepared for the attack: the gentleman, the ladies, with rose-shells, filled with scented water; in breaking them upon their heads and shoulders, and throwing jugs of water from the windows on those who pass under the balconies.—Groups of persons traverse the streets—some on foot, others on horse-back, with an ample supply of this ammunition, which is carried in handkerchiefs, in the corner of ponchos, and in spacious pockets.—The country people, for many miles around, visit the city on this occasion; some come mounted on horses, and some on mules some playing upon guitars, others on fiddles—some singing their favorite Cielito, whilst others are bawling; all, more or less, fantastically dressed, and with hideous masks; many of whom bear banners, of different colours, and are preceded by some Indian drums and trumpets.—Their entry into the town, clamorous voices and deafening instruments, may be well described in the words of Dean Swift.

The men with Kettle drums entered
The gate,
Dub-dub a dub—the trumpets fa-
[lan'd
Tantara; tantara, then all the boys
[holla'd.—

There is a peculiar custom amongst the Indians and Cholos of Potosi, called the burial of the festivities of the Carnival. "El entierro de los festividades del Carnaval." On those occasions they adorn themselves with all the finery they possess, and what they can borrow from the wealthy: they then proceed in procession, towards the close of the jubilee, to a short distance from the town, and on the side of the great and celebrated mountain, they sing and dance until the setting of the sun: they afterwards sit down, and draw from their pockets pieces of crape and black ribbon, which they bind round their fiddles and pipes; and with these emblems of mourning, proceed to a cavity in the mountain, in which they deposit them, bewailing, in

Houses and Lands for Sale.

Venegueta, 16 rooms, 3 patios, 14 vrs front by 70 fondo.
Cangalle, 12 rooms, 2 patios, yard, etc, 18 1/2 vrs by 70
San Martin, 9 rooms, 2 patios, garden, 11 1/2 vrs by 70
Mejico, 16 rooms, 2 patios, etc, 21 vrs by 70
Victoria, 9 rooms, 2 patios, yard—16 vrs by 25
Temple, 13 rooms, 3 patios, yard—16 vrs by 63
Temple, 6 rooms, 2 patios, etc—8 vrs by 50
Rivadavia, 12 rooms, 3 patios, yard—8 1/2 vrs by 70
Victoria, 8 rooms, 2 patios, yard—8 1/2 vrs by 70
Rosenguista, 9 rooms, 2 patios and garden—9 vrs by 70
Paraguay, 4 rooms, 2 patios and garden—18 vrs by 32
Bolivar, 16 rooms and one patio—20 vrs by 29
Balcarce, 3 rooms—5 1/2 vrs by 17 1/2
Do, 2 rooms, 14 1/2 vrs by 22
Parque, 14 rooms, 4 patios and 2 algibes—17 1/2 vrs by 25
Las Artes, 4 rooms—8 vrs by 17 1/2
Do, 3 rooms, 6 vrs by 17 1/2
Do, 6 rooms and 2 patios—8 1/2 vrs by 50 fdo
Tres los Corrales, 5 rooms and 2 patios—8 1/2 vrs by 25
Mejico, 14 rooms, 2 patios and garden, 19 vrs by 70
Once de Setiembre, large house fit for business—80 vrs by 70
Bolivar, 7 rooms and one patio—31 vrs by 21
Defensa, shops and dwelling houses—14 1/2 vrs by 35
Temple, a large shop or store, with yard attached, 3 rooms and all necessary offices
Parana, another shop, with dwelling house attached
Temple, 9 rooms, 3 patios, yard, etc—80 vrs by 60
Rio Bamba, 6 rooms—8 1/2 vrs by 70
Victoria, building ground—11 1/2 vrs by 42
Mejico, building ground, 8 3/4 vrs by 50
Rivadavia, building ground, 17 1/2 vrs by 60
A piece of land, with a rancho, near Barracas bridge, 55 vrs by 235
Land with 3 manzanas, near railway station at Moron
Land for sheep, to the south, from one league to the one-sixth of a league
Several houses, and apartments furnished and unfurnished.

Apply to
DAVIS and CO,
Houses and Land Agents,
Calle 25 de Mayo, No 68.

NOTICE.
301—San Martin—301

Near the San Fernando Rail-way.
The unersigned hopes to inform his friends and patrons that he has opened the above house as a boarding and lodging house and he will use his best efforts to give satisfaction to all who patronize him.

C. Scott,
Proprietor.
14—1m.

MUSIC LESSONS.

An English lady, long resident in this country, is desirous of giving lessons on the Piano, at her residence.

For particulars apply at 72 Calle Belgrano or by letter, addressed Mra J. office of this paper.

COLEGIO ANGLO PORTEÑO,
Calle Moreno—2042

This school has been established for several years and is well known in the city.

No pains are spared to make the place of instruction attractive to the pupils and the instruction itself profitable.

Patrons are respectfully invited to visit the School, and to note carefully the monthly reports of progress and deportment.

The English, Spanish, and French languages are carefully taught by skilful masters, and every branch of useful or ornamental education may be pursued in either of these languages.

Day pupils can be received at any time, and a few could be accommodated as boarders or half boarders.
June 26th 1862.
126—1m.

JUST PUBLISHED.

A most interesting treatise on sheep husbandry, price $5 mje

No sheep-farmer in the country should be without this book.

Published by the editors of the "Standard," calle Belgrano, 72 and 74

To be had also at Messrs Mcgeachy and Co's, Messrs Mcdougall and Co's, Messrs Hunter and Co's, Messrs Mcdonald and Co's, Messrs Mcglashan and Co's, Messrs Mcbain and Co's, Messrs Mcintosh and Co's, Messrs Mcnab and Co's, Messrs Mcleod and Co's, Messrs Mcpherson and Co's, Messrs Mcrae and Co's, Messrs Mcvicar and Co's, Messrs Mcwilliam and Co's, Messrs Mcalpine and Co's, Messrs Mcbride and Co's, Messrs Mcdonnell and Co's, Messrs Mcgregor and Co's, Messrs Mcintyre and Co's, Messrs Mckinnon and Co's, Messrs Mcleish and Co's, Messrs Mcmillan and Co's, Messrs Mcneil and Co's, Messrs Mcphail and Co's, Messrs Mcqueen and Co's, Messrs Mcrobbie and Co's, Messrs Mcsorley and Co's, Messrs Mctaggart and Co's, Messrs Mcwhirter and Co's, Messrs Mcyntire and Co's, Messrs Mcallister and Co's, Messrs Mcbeth and Co's, Messrs Mccarthy and Co's, Messrs Mcdermott and Co's, Messrs Mcfarlane and Co's, Messrs Mcgillivray and Co's, Messrs Mcgregor and Co's, Messrs Mcintosh and Co's, Messrs Mcleod and Co's, Messrs Mcmillan and Co's, Messrs Mcneil

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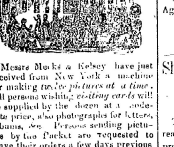
American Improvements!!



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Henry Dowse

Steamboat Agency Office.
Calle Cuyo No. 1.

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Villa del Salto,

Captain P. Flores.

This splendid steamer, built expressly for the navigation of the river Uruguay, offers unsurpassed accommodations for both cabin and steerage passengers.

Leaves on the 9th, 19th and 29th of each month, returning on the 4th, 14th and 24th, on which days she sails for Montevideo at 5 o'clock sharp in the afternoon.

Fares.	Cabin	Deck
Nueva Palmira	6 pats	3 pats
Fray Bentos	10 "	5 "
Como pion	14 "	7 "
Paysandu	16 "	8 "
Concordia and Salto	20 "	10 "

Children from the age of two to ten years pay half.

Parcels at conditional prices.

Specie—Gold 1/4 per cent, silver 1/2 per do.

For further particulars apply to the Agent—

Henry Dowse,

Steamboat Agency Office,
Calle Cuyo.

Sheep for Banda Oriental.

The National steamer

CHANGADOR.

This well known steamer is now ready to transport sheep from this province or elsewhere to the Banda Oriental.

The corrales and fixtures on board, for the accommodation of the animals, insure the owners from all risk whatever in over-crushing, &c

Rates

To Santa Lucia	3 1/2	rls fuertes
Colonia	2	do
Higuelitas	4	do
Fray Bentos	5	do
Arroyo Negro	6 1/2	do
Paysandu	7	do

For further particulars apply to

Henry Dowse,

Steamboat Agency Office,
No 1 calle Cuyo, Buenos Ayres.

NOW LOADING

BY

BUNGE & BENN,

SHIP-BROKERS.

For Antwerp,

The fine American ship

Messenger

490 tons, A. A. Hooper, Master.

Consignees—Messrs E. Bunge and Co

Also, the Hamburg Brigantine

Elizabeth,

of 183 tons. D. Schuldt, Master.

Consignees—Messrs Arning & Hutz.

The Belgian barque

Hortense,

of 348 tons. H. Houssen, Master.

Consignees, Messrs Haviland & Sons.

For further particulars respecting the above named ships, please apply to

Bunge and Benn

Ship Brokers—Calle 25 de Mayo, 67.

English Grammar-School.

Calle Suypacha, 306.

Principal—Mr. Pongerard, ex-Professor at the London University College-sch ol.

This institution, though not exclusive in its character, will be opened with the view of giving the foreign element of Buenos Ayres a school based entirely on the home principles.

With this intention, and from the support already promised him by so me of the first English families of the city, the Rector has determined to found the present Grammar School, which he hopes, from his long experience and professorship in the above mentioned famous institution, to raise to such eminence as to meet in every respect the wants of this highly respectable society.

The classes comprehend the following branches:

English, French, Spanish
Latin, Mathematics
History, Ancient & Modern
Geography, Writing, &c.
Other branches, such as German, Drawing and Music, are extra.

The strictest discipline will be invariably maintained, due regard being paid to the sanitary condition of the pupils.

In order to reconcile domestic affections with the scholastic duties, children, whose parents may so wish, will be allowed to leave on Saturday evening and return on Monday mornings at an early hour.

A monthly note will be addressed to the parents of the pupils, informing them of the conduct and progress of the children. No corporal punishment will be inflicted.

Each pupil will furnish the following articles, with wearing apparel:

An iron bedstead & washing-stand,
A trunk, linen, &c.

Terms of admission.

For months $ 500 PER MONTH—Half-boarders, $ 300 per month.

Medical attendance and books charged to parents. Paper, pens and ink, found by the establishment.

The opening of the classes will take place on May 25th. Only a limited number of boarders will be admitted, in order to maintain a high standard of respectability and morality. No day-scholars taken. The play-grounds are spacious.

Buenos Ayres, May 6th.

P. Pongerard—Principal.

American Dentist,

DR. N. G. CORNWALL,

Calle Rivadavia, 27.

Teeth filled, cleaned, extracted, & inserted on pivot gold plate and vulcanite. Charges moderate.

SHEEP—SHEEP—SHEEP

Important to Sheep Farmers.

A sure cure for the Scab in Sheep.

The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to the Wool Growers of this country, that he has now received a large quantity of the celebrated *South Down Sheep Wash.*

This valuable preparation is highly recommended for its safety, convenience, utility and economy. It is a concentrated extract, one pound of which is equal to ten pounds of tobacco, retaining in this compact form all the properties of the raw material; at the same time saving the very disagreeable and tedious operation of preparing the wash as is usually practised in this country. The only labor required with the article now offered to the public is to stir the same into the quantity of water needed for the Sheep that are intended to be dipped. This Sheep Wash is highly recommended and extensively used by the wool Growers of Australia and South Africa. The Samples that have been used by a number of Estancieros of this Country, have given the most perfect satisfaction, and are recommended by them as the most efficacious remedy ever applied in this country: for further particulars apply either personally or by letter to S. Bowers.

At Messrs. *James Bell & Co.* (Calle Defensa, esquina Moreno.)

The most satisfactory recommendations of its perfect safety and utility, from the principal estancieros of this country, may be had on application to the undersigned.

THE LARGEST

WOOD YARD IN TOWN.

Messrs Gow, Bell & Son beg to inform the public that they have the largest and best selection of American Pine in Buenos Ayres, Boards and Scantling of every dimension, purposely for corrugated iron, room floors, and shed roofs Wire, which is at present near, they have a large supply of.

Hard Wood and Naisbey Pales, cut expressly for corrugated iron roofs &c, at the very lowest market price.

Being so long established in the trade, they can undertake to price with the largest importers in the country.

Their new Yard in the Plaza Constitucion, is opened expressly for the convenience of their country friends.

Orders from the country promptly attended to and goods delivered in either the North or South Plaza, free of charge.

City office, calle Potosi, 64.

GEORGE BELL AND SON

SAUNDERS & KEYSER,

ENGINEERS, MILLWRIGHTS, SMITHS, &c.

117—Calle Piedad—117

Buenos Ayres.

James Saunders has this day entered to the public of the River Plate into Partnership with Albert Keyser, in the above business, at the premises formerly occupied by Mr. Thos. Mc Mackie, and lately in possession of J. Saunders.

Wool presses, cranes, nut destroying machines, wire-stretchers, or screws, of a superior quality, for erecting wire fences; wire rollers, &c., &c. These new erections pumps for ships and chaser purposes, engine and complete; steam engines, ships smith-work in general, and all kinds of machinery required at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The great share of patronage which he has enjoyed since commencement business at the present premises he can give the fullest assurance he can give the fullest assurance to merchants and others in the execution of all orders entrusted to him; and with the view of increasing the same, he has taken as partner an active and experienced mercantile business, who will assist him in the important professional

Notice Extraordinary,

OPENING OF THE GREAT

EMPORIUM OF LIGHT

OF THE $1 PLATA

At No. 69 CALLE FLORIDA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Buenos Ayres and the Republic, that having concluded his arrangements, he has opened the above named establishment to the public on the 23rd May, with an immense supply of the celebrated KEROSENE, and with a stock of kerosene lamps, imported from Europe and North America; expressly the market, which are

Variety I.

Kerosene Lamp

Complete for use.

In every respect, is unsurpassed in the Globe all of which will be offered for sale on the most reasonable prices. He would moreover invite the attention of the public to the many advantages of the admirable illuminator over all other light giving agents. Kerosene Oil being a pure & rect from bituminous coal, contains all the illuminating properties of coal gas, and produces a clear, white light, more pure. One light itself is by chance and each remarkable softness and purity as to render it infinitely the best light in the world for the eyes, while it costs less than one half the money to give a much more powerful one than can be made for like light in use. The Oil is very durable, odorless, perfectly safe, and the light is so simple that they can not be got out of order. The unquestioned superiority of Kerosene Lamps over ordinary illuminators having been well established throughout Europe and North America (where it has been in use adopted the unprecedented in the history of improvement), it is now confidently offered to the public as the most perfect and in every respect most desirable illuminator yet introduced. All are invited to call and see the light and judge for themselves; the evening being the best time, for use the establishment.

H. G. COVERT.

69 calle Florida.

New Auction House.

Calle Victoria, No 84,

Special attention given to sales at private residences, and moneys advanced before the day of sale, when desired. A miscellaneous stock of goods constantly on hand, and just introduced into this market, Phinon's celebrated Hair Invigorator, to cure dandruff and beautify the hair; also Hair Dye of the same manufacturer. Orders received for Newman's Newsary Cake.

Frederick King,
Victoria, 84,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

For Antwerp.

The A 1 Dutch brig

ANNA,

273 tons register,

A well-known trader to this port. Being a chartered vessel, will have a quick despatch.

For particulars apply to

H. J. POWELL and Co.

For New York.

The A 1 American ship

GEORGE TYNES,

518 tons, is now ready to receive cargo, and will have a quick despatch. Has superior accommodation for passengers.

For particulars apply to E. H. Faber and Co. or to

H. J. Powell and Co.

For Boston.

A small A 2 good American barque, now discharging at Rosario, will receive cargo at the end of the ensuing week.

For particulars apply to

H. J. Powell and Co.

Public Land Surveyor.

For Buenos Ayres and B. Oriental.

The undersigned having at last now moved his office to calle Parque No. 122, where he continues offering his services to his friends as formerly.

Having had much of the Oriental republic, as Public Surveyor, he can claim some of it with the measure of a good title, and can give references of the highest character from those persons who have honored him with their confidence.

Emilio Castro Mayerlin.

122 Parque, B. Ayres.

THE STANDARD.

"All that is past, all that is now, all that is to come, are present."—(Cicero.)

FRIDAY, JULY 1862.

LATEST FROM EUROPE

By the British Packet, Morning.

ALLIANCE OF PRUSSIA & AUSTRIA

ULTIMATUM TO THE POPE

Marriage of the Princess Alice.

Fire & Flames in Syria.

FRENCH IN MEXICO.

&c. &c. &c.

By the Oceanic Packet of the 16th instant, we learn that the British Mail P. S. Magdalena had reached Pernambuco, from which port the news was conveyed to Rio Janeiro by the Brazilian S. Cruzeiro do Sul. At the departure of the S. Tocantins (5th July) from Rio, the Magdalena arrived with the European mails, but the Message had not been head of since that date. It is supposed that stress of weather may have obliged her to put into Santa Catalina.

We have data from Hamburg June 6th, Paris 7th, London 8th, and Lisbon 14th.

The British Parliament had adjourned an intermediate recess. In the Houses, on the 7th, motion of the budget. In the Peers, Earl Derby and his supporters, insisted on the necessity of cutting down the public expenditure, while maintaining at the same time a powerful army and navy. In the Commons, Lord Stanley advanced a motion to the effect that there was room for a reduction in state expenses without compromising the safety, independence and prestige of the Empire. The Government having taken up the matter as a Ministerial question, Lord Palmerston called for a vote of confidence, promising that the Government would exert their efforts and patriotic impulses to reduce the Budget as far as possible. The Chamber passed the vote of confidence.

France is bent on an alliance with Austria, and we hear of no friction already on the *tapis*. General Fleury, aide-de-camp to Napoleon III, is going to Vienna, on the special mission of arranging the Roman question, in the interest of the necessity of a disarmament by the Italian country, and each implies to a new league with Napoleon. Austria evinces a desire to make concessions, and France to use its immense influence of the Italian Peninsula to specially to purchase. Austria is to cede Venetia to Italy, for the purpose of obtaining Nothing the Roman government. To Archduke Maximilian, Austrian Admiral, under the Hapsburg Empire, is to receive the Italian fleet, and yield to the Austrian, which has been already partially disarmed by Austria.

The Times says the Emperor Napoleon, de facto is the arbiter of Italian affairs, and the IX's position that it is not. Parliament under the pressure of the Ministers, which are to be garrisoned by the Italian army. In return for these concessions, the Marks of Bologna and Ancona, with Church are to be returned to the Patrimony of the Church whose mountain will be the Pope. And even against the King of Italy. The French army of occupation at Rome is to be reduced to one division, composed of 12 Regiments, under the command of General Montebello, subordinate to the Emperor. According to a Cracow journal the Austrian Kaiser has written to the Pope an autograph letter, declaring that he cannot offer him an asylum in Venice, that city being very near the quadrilateral; and he would advise him to remain in Rome, "happen what might". A message has been signed by 21 Cardinals and 243 Bishops, deploring the oppression attempted against the Church, and calling on the Pontifical Government to maintain energetically the rights of the Holy See; a further reclaim that Temporal Power is indispensable for the security and free exercise of the Papal jurisdiction. The Pope's Bull, alluding to the canonization of the Japanese martyrs, complains of the violence committed on the Church, and the persecution of the Temporal power, and calls on the Bishops to vindicate the same.

Prussia and Russia are soon expected to recognise the Italian Kingdom. The dismissal of Ratazzi is contradicted. The action of Government respecting Garibaldi's contributions at Brescia received general applause for firmness. The Ministry has ordered the dissolution of all the rifle-clubs, including those of Genoa, which has excited the minds of the citizens.

The attempt at Brescia is gradually coming to light. Morelli entered Milan before the last event, and hardly had matters gone wrong, when he cleared out for England by way of Calais. A letter of Garibaldi was read in the House denying any participation in the invasion of the Tyrol, and Bixio confirmed this declaration.

The Pope of the Chamber also declared that neither the son of Garibaldi nor Bixio would ever consent to illegal invasion; the House gave a vote of confidence to the Italian Ministry 189 against 83.

Mexico.

The Mexican question is a matter of the great interest in Europe at present. Minister Fould was greatly perplexed at the turn of events.

General Miramon whose embarkation was opposed by the British admiral, has left for Mexico to join with Almonte.

Juarez rejected the proposal of the French Commissioners relative to the sale or mortgage of any part of the Mexican territory.

La "Patrie" excuses the retirement of the English troops solely because they had only 800 men there, and that the inferiority of her army to that of France and Spain was too glaring to admit of their remaining.

M. Thouvenel has sent a note to Madrid explaining the reason why the Spaniards left Mexico, namely to set Spain without the throne of Mexico for one of the Spanish Royal family which England opposed.

France it appears was willing that a Spanish Prince should have the throne provided it was not given to the Duke de Montpensier.

The reply of the Spanish Minister was one of an evasory and it appears that Spain will travel her forces again in Mexico only in with France.

The French have entered in Puebla "the los Angeles", amidst the shouts and acclamations of the citizens and the town was illuminated on the occasion; the whole place declared in favor of the French.

All along their route the French have been received and declared the liberators of Mexico.

The Mexicans it appears have taken possession of Soledad and Cordova which cuts the French off from communication with the sea, this however is only momentary and can count only in the total defeat of the Mexicans, as they will be between 2 armies, the French on one side and the returning Spaniards on the other.

At Cameron one single division of the French withstood the attack of the *whole* Mexican army for several hours and in the end won the day.

The prevailing opinion was, that the Mexican army would make little or no resistance, as the army is melting away daily by desertions.

Latest Particulars.

The Princess Alice was to be married to Prince Louis of Hesse, at Osborne, on the 1st July.

The Prince of Wales has been to Constantinople, from whence he went to Athens on the 27th ult. He visited the Sultan, who conferred upon him the grand cordon of the Order of Osmanli.

In Aleppo the massacres have recommenced. Several Christians have been murdered. The Foreign consuls have demanded of the Turkish Government to put a stop to these barbarities.

The King of Greece has extended a general amnesty to all parties implicated in the late rebellion.

Russia.

Some disturbances have taken place in many parts of Russia.

The Emperor has determined to commence the fast of Ramik, on the 13th September, by abolishing corporal punishment.

This measure has been introduced by the Emperor himself, which shows that he is ahead of his ministers and serf holding nobles, who offer every opposition to the measure.

The Privy council have adopted a measure authorizing the publishing of the debates.

Nevertheless, with all these reforms, considerable agitation prevails throughout the empire; 17 cities are in state of siege.

The Cossacks of the Don and of the black sea, have demanded the restitution of their rights and privileges.

Poland.

General Luders by his oppressive measures had caused a great feeling of exasperation. In order to give a correct idea of the terrible laws which exist in this country, we may mention that even to be found with a yard measure, without a license, is punished with transportation to Siberia.

At the request of the Arch Bishop, Luders granted an armistice of 40 hours during which patriotic hymns were allowed to be sung. Nevertheless the people refused to avail themselves of the permission, and not a single voice was heard in the churches.

A tremendous conspiracy is said to exist in Warsaw, and numerous arrests have taken place; not even the General officers in command escaped domiciliary visits; nearly all the officers arrested are Russians.

The most cutting sarcasms are used against the Government, for their proposed reforms. We notice the following:

"The Prince Constantine of Russia has been nominated Regent of Poland.

Portugal.

The Northern provinces of Portugal are all quiet, owing principally to the judicious measures adopted by the Government.

On the 23rd of June, all the Sisters of Charity and Lazarite Fathers who were in Portugal embarked on board the steamer Orinoco, in Lisbon, for France, having been recalled by the superior of the order in France, and with the consent of both the Portuguese and French governments.

This step restored peace amongst the Portuguese: all the orphans were taken care of by the liberal party.

The marriage of his Majesty Don Luis is to take place in September next. Some say that the future Queen will be of the house of Austria; but the general impression is, that she will be of the Italian Royal family.

United States

Serious charges are made against General Butler, that when he took possession of New Orleans, he appropriated large sums, respecting neither banks nor consuls' houses. He is charged with taking 800,000 patacons, which were destined to pay some debts of the rebel government.

If the money was not actually paid, it is quite clear that Butler was fully justified in sequestrating it, even though "in transitu."

President Lincoln has called for 50,000 volunteers.

General McClellan had joined Generals Franklin and Burnside, and was in front of Walden, which is close to the Grand Trunk Southern railway. From this movement it is clear that the rebels are cut off from all retreat.

The thanks of the nation was voted General McClellan by Congress.

By a telegraphic dispatch received in Lisbon, just at the sailing of the packet we learn that, there has been a tremendous battle tought, the South-ists coming off victorious, beating General Banks and by last account, the Southerns were in hot pursuit after Banks retreating forces.

This news however leeves to want confirmation, and looks rather dubious since in a still later despatch the astonishing news comes of the evacuation of Corinth by the Southerns.

Rumors were prevalent that England and France had every reason to hope their efforts, to make peace between the North and South, would be successful.

The Federal Government had entered into a treaty with the Mexicans agreeing to lend Mexico 25 millions patacons, hypothecating as security some of the finest provinces in Mexico.

The French Minister notified in Washington that France would pay no respect to the terms of such a treaty, and that also his Government would regard such a treaty as an act of hostility to France.

Latest from America.

A rumour is circulated that General McClellan has been beaten back across the Potomac, but, as it rests on a vague private report, we attach to it neither import nor credence.

Odds and Ends.

The San Nicolas clock was slow 85 minutes on yesterday: this time-piece is celebrated for its irregular habits, and when a man keeps irregular hours, the neighbours compare him to the "Reloj de San Nicolas."

The excavating Basque has been taken up and fined $ 2000 by the Judge. It will be remembered observed that the Municipal leech is only good for suction, and far from healing or cauterizing the public wounds, the physicians of this body corporate have left the street in the same break-neck condition. Any person anxious to appreciate the labors of this human mole, can see two immense piles of mud in the calle Juan Between Arcades and Bonpland, which the Police have kindly left for public convenience.

Assassinations are quite fashionable, and few frequenters of "small tea-parties" cannot relate some deadly struggle with cut-pads, in the hour of dewy eve. We understand that this element of romance was felt to be wanting, and no measures will be taken to repress the *chevaliers d'industries*, who are becoming every day more numerous. A young friend of ours, on Wednesday evening, was accosted by three practitioners in the Plaza Parque: as he rashly denied the community of property, one of the knights errant drew his rapier and inflicted such a wound that our hero (T. G.) had to run quickly for medical assistance, his watch-chain being smashed in the encounter.

The Club "Progreso" is so much the friend of progress that they reported, yesterday, the arrival of the "Mersey": some far-sighted gentleman stuck her on the slate while yet out of the range of Mr. Maxwell's telescopes. Sor. Posadas was terribly vexed at the rise they took out of him, several people applying for their letters.

An old man's families to the equestrians of Plaza Mayo as Old Joe, was knocked down & seriously injured by a horse returning to the stables without his rider. The Police seem to have no objection to this habit of dismounting at the Recoba, and letting the horses run home.

A ship-captain, reported in the "Revista" as English, leaped from the mole to save a black boy who was drowning. We have not heard that the Municipality even returned him thanks for his devotion to rescue a fellow-creature; so striking a contrast with the mere drowning of children during the bathing season.

General San Martin's statue is said to oscillate in an alarming manner, and fears are entertained that the 30th prox (St Rose) may witness a catastrophe to the hero.

The Municipal report for '61 informs us that some 45 p.$ of the gas of the city is lost, owing to bad pipes whereas the ordinary waste in Europe is from 1 to 10 per cent.

The water-schemes are all stagnant, and the latest shave is Sor. Marmol's aqueduct which threatens to over-ride canals, reservoirs &c.

The "Tribuna" has changed hands: it is alleged that Dr. Mariano Vare'a entertains opinions contradictory to these of his brother Hector. It is not true that the latter is going to treat us to a re-hash of Childe-Harold in his pilgrimage.

Questions of the day.

While the bill of Capital is dragging its weary length along, this city is strengthening, every day, its claims for the honor of Metropolis. Some doubts may exist as to the ultimate fate of the bill, whether the three remaining Chambers will sanction it as it stands at present: but no one, however interested in opposition for a moment that B. Ayres is already the recognized seat of Government, and that no combination of events can defeat the wishes of General Sentiment. Public business is generally dull, it is easy to perceive an air of increased importance in our very streets. The meeting of Congress, and residence of the corps diplomatique, in this city, have contributed more than an increase of population in our favor, and one of the most tangible proofs of our Metropolitan progress may be found in the scarcity of houses to be rented, or even the great increase of newspaper circulation. A straw will show the course of the current, and from the above trifling evidences we deduce a growing confidence in our actual capital, and a favorable augury for Buenos Ayres.

The Cordoba railway is one of the greatest enterprises that this Republic can record in its annals: it has already passed through the Senate, almost unanimously, and we have no doubt that Messrs. Buschental and Wheelwright will commence operations, as soon as the Lower Chamber ratifies the bill. The communications with the Provinces will be greatly facilitated, and the power of a National Government made felt throughout the whole Republic. Dr. Sarsfield advocates a collateral measure of public highways which is much wanted; and Don Regulo Martinez leaves, on next Saturday, by order of General Mitre, to regulate the postal service in the provinces of Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, and other parts of the interior.

As a corollary of this project, the Minister of Finance has introduced, before the Deputies, a Customs law, making uniform the dues of the whole Republic. This will abolish differential duties, which placed some of the provinces on the footing of a foreign nation, and substitute a regular system for the heterogeneous tariff hitherto in force. We do not really see why some of the Representatives oppose it the bill, and look rather suspiciously on the hostility of D. Ruiz Moreno, Urquiza's deputy. If Corrientes and Entre Rios pretended to dispute the interference of Congress in their Custom-houses, they might as well separate at once from the union, by virtue of their provincial sovereignty (!), but no reasonable man can complain of an uniform tariff as being tyrannical.

The Chamber of Deputies has transferred to the National Executive all the State institutions which are not purely provincial. This is a proper step in anticipation of the Capital measure, and was proposed in the Senate by the able jurisconsult, Dr Rawson, but rejected by the majority assembled. Nevertheless we think the deputies have rightly settled this point, before discussing the federalization of Buenos Ayres. It is proper that the President should have at his disposal the means for enforcing obedience to the supreme authority, in the first instance; and then we may leisurely reflect upon plans that authority should have its seat.

At the close of the month, we shall have to name the electoral college for the nomination of President and Vice of the republic. Meantime we have communications from the governments of Cordoba, Sta. Fe, Entre Rios, Corrientes and San Luis, congratulating General Mitre on his election to the Nat. Executive. We may therefore confide that the permanent exaltation of our acting President shall be everywhere attended with general satisfaction.

TRAVELS IN LA PLATA.
CHAP. XXIII.

Continental Salta.

There is no town, perhaps, in South America where the Carnival is celebrated with more mirth and glee than in Salta; for during that festival, labour and work of every description is entirely suspended; and all ranks of society of every colour and shade are, for a time, on an equal footing. Here may be seen the master and servant; the lady and her maid; the black and the white, all mixed up in the general jubilee, and in the best of good humour. The sport consists principally in throwing handfuls of flour, or powdered starch, in the faces of those who seem least prepared for the attack: in pelting the ladies with eggshells, filled with scented water: in breaking them upon their heads and shoulders, and throwing jugs of water from the windows on those who pass under the balconies.—Groups of persons traverse the streets—some on foot, others on horse-back, with an ample supply of this ammunition, which is carried in handkerchiefs, in the corner of ponchos, and in spacious pockets.—The country people, for many miles around, visit the city on this occasion; some come mounted on horses, and some on mules some playing upon guitars, and some on bulls—some singing their favorite Cielito, whilst others are bawling; all, more or less, fantastically dressed, and with hideous masks; many of whom bear banners, of different colours, and are preceded by some with drums and trumpets.—Their entry into the town, clamorous voices and deafening instruments, may be well described in the words of Dean Swift.

The men with Kettle drums entered
Dub-dub a dub—the trumpets fill'd
Tan'ara; tantara, then all the boys
Holla'd.—

There is a peculiar custom amongst the Indians and Cholos of Potosi, called the burial of the festivities of the Carnival. "El entierro de los festividades del Carnival." On those occasions they adorn themselves with all the finery they possess, and what they can borrow from the wealthy: they then proceed in procession, towards the close of the jubilee, to a short distance from the town, and on the side of the great and celebrated mountain, they sing and dance until the setting of the sun: they afterwards sit down, and draw from their pockets pieces of crape and black ribbon, which they bind round their fiddles and pipes; and with these emblems of mourning, proceed to a cavity in the mountain, in which they deposit them, bewailing at the same time, in the most hideous cries, the burial and termination of the Carnival. They pass the three days of this jubilee, in the same tumultuous gleeas in the towns of the Confederation; and though the grossness is general amongst the lower classes, still one has seldom to lament an accident of any kind, or even bears of a quarrel, so prevalent in the same class in more civilised towns than Potosi.

Montevideo.

The bill for the payment of four millions to the English and French claimants, had been passed by the Legislature.

The Chambers were to close their sessions on the 15th inst.

The Court of Justice had got itself into difficulties with a notary-called Pedro Diaz, who had accused it before the Legislature of which he was a member.

LOCAL EVENTS.

DIPLOMATIC REGIRA.—On Saturday last one of our city consuls, representative of a certain inferior kingdom, cleared out, taking, as is reported, 500 doubloons. At first it was said he had gone to the country for the benefit of his health, but sinister rumors are now flying about, to the effect that his return is very doubtful.

PARENTAL LAW.—Dr Garcia has sent to the State records a lengthy report on the judicial conduct and legal administration of the United States, published in the "Revista" of this city and edited by General Mitre and Dr. Velez Sarsfield.

ARTHOSES.—To-day — Billingkurst, Patent-70, plants, fruit trees and vines; Soto, San Martin 42, furniture, &c; Nazar, Victoria 356, dry goods; Arriola, Defensa 74, fruit trees; Silva-Piadras 21, dry goods; Gowland, Defensa, comestibles; Silva, Piedad 400 jewellery and furniture; Hidalgo, Victoria 331, dry goods; Bonorino, Defensa 177, dry goods; Agoto and Imbert, comestibles, hardware, &c; Benza, Florida 158, do do: King, Victoria 84, dry goods.

THE ARMY.—The survey of public and private lands in this district having been ordered by the Government, the following gentlemen have been appointed to execute it:

Don Ado fo Sourdeaux, José M. Romero, John T. Cetz.

FOREIGN LIFE COMPANY.—The sum of sixty thousand dollars has been already collected as a subvention; their arrival is shortly expected and the performances will take place in Colon.

BANK.—To-day at one o'clock will be burnt the sum of $1,000,000 at this establishment as consolidation of the emissions of 1859 and '61.

REMAINS OF LIMEIRA.—Yesterday morning, at the same time that our disappreciation of the delivery of the remains of this viceroy appeared in the columns of the 'Standard,' the descend nts of the deceased publish in the 'Tribuna' their petition to the Government, requesting that they may not be given up; and they prove their rights, on the authority of the laws of King Alfonso of Spain

European Markets

By the Brazilian steamer Tocantins, which arrived in Montevideo on the 15th instant, bringing dates from Rio up to the 8th inst, we received the following intelligence—

London, 9th June.

Consols, 91 7/8 to 92 1/8.

Bank discount without any alteration.

The Magdalena brought to Rio from England 100,000 sovs.

The Magdalena with the European mails arrived in Rio the 8th inst.

London 6th June '62.

The Sydpolen and Lorenzo Baleiro from Montevideo arrived.

Dry Hides from La Plata were in demand and looking up.

Sales since the 7th May comprize 357, Buenos Ares of 33.lbs 9 ℔. The Stock on hand 11,660.

Salted Hides.—Large transactions have been made during the month The entire stock on hand has been disposed of, and although prices have given in 1/8 to 1/4 per lb, the market has a healthier tone and looks better.

Horse hides.—Dry have gone up 6d. to 9d. each, and sales have been considerable, present stock very slight sales have been 298 salted Buenos Ayres at 6s. 3d. for those of 10 7/8 to 11 1/8 lb salted.

Hamburg, 5th June.

Hides.—Notwithstanding that several transactions have taken place for Brazil hides, there is not much demand for other descriptions.

During the month of May 9540 Rio Grande hides at about 9 1/8 d average price and 3120 from Bahia at from 6 1/2 to 7d. About 2000 damaged Rio Grande hides have been sold from 2 to 5 sh. Sto 8 hundred of all descriptions, 40,000 hides

New York Markets.

May 20 1862.

Hides—The market continues very dull, the large shipments at hand and on the way from Europe exerting a depressing influence, and prices have still further declined. Sales are 4000 d y Rio Grande, 22 1/2 @ 11, from second hands, at 23 cents, 6 months; 5000 Buenos Ayres, 21 lb, 22 1/2; 1400 Savanilla and Bogota, usual weight, 15 and 19, less 4 per cent, rejecting bad hides; 2000 City Slaughter, 75 lb, 7 cash; 1000 Buenos Ayres Kip, 8 lb, 500 Buenos Ayres, 21 lb, for Canada, 25 Vera Cruz, 2000 lb, 4000 Washington Slaughter, 30 to 35 lb, and 50 bales Rio Grande Hide Cuttings, on private terms. The receipts are, 10,671 from Rio Grande, 5228 Vera Cruz, 2000 Bordeaux, 421 Port-au-Platt, 201 Barbadoes, and 1041 coastwise—total, 19,602. Total imports since 1st instant, 190,265, including 65,989 from foreign, and 38,585 from domestic ports. Stock in first hands, 30,000 Buenos Ayres, dos, 38,000 Rio Grande, 5000 Orinoco, 15,000 Porto Cabello and Laguayra, 3000 Savanilla and Bogota, 900 Central American, 36,000 California, and 2500 domestic—total, 158,100; same time 1861, 415,000; 1860, 268,300; 1859, 70,100.

Wool.—The inquiry this week has been rather better. Medium and fine wools have been in improved request, but prices are not fully sustained, and the market is weaker There has been less doing in carpet wools—prices are nominally the same. 25,000 lb Buenos, of a medium grade sold at 48 cents. For pulled wools, no movement. Of California the sales are 150 bales, or 20,000 lbs comprise the transactions at private rates. Of foreign, the sales embrace 110 bales mestizo, 70 do Cordova and 20 do Santiago, on terms not transpired. The feeling generally is to try and meet holders' views:

Flour and meal.—The receipts are moderate, and transactions are therby restricted. The sales for the three days foot up 36,000 bbls., of which 12,000 changed owners yesterday, the market closing firm at our quotations below. Canada Flour is also in fair request and firmer; the sales foot up 3,500 bbls., including 950 yesterday. We quote:

State, superfine brands ℔ bbl. 4 70 @ 4 95

State, extrabrands " 5 10 @ 5 15
State, choice brands " 5 15 @ 5 50
Michigan, fancy brands " 5 90 @ 5 95
Ohio, common brands 4 90 @ 5 20
Ohio, fancy brands " 5 25 @ 5 35

The demand for Southern Flour is fair, and prices are rather better; the sales since Tuesday foot up 3,700 bbls., including 1,100 yesterday, at 5 5,75 @ 6 25 for Brandywine, and $5,05 @ 5,87 for Baltimore. Rye Flour is quiet and unchanged; we note sales of 200 bbls., part yesterday, at $4,25 @ 4,40. Corn Meal is also quiet and rather lower; the sales comprise 800 bbls., closing at $3,75 @ 3,80 for Jersey, $3 @ $3,10 for Brandywine, and $3 for packages.

Export, from 1st to 23d April—

1862 1861

WHEAT FLOUR bbls. 1,015,523 155,713

Lumber—The market for Eastern Spruce and Pine Lumber and Timber has been very quiet and we hear of no transactions.

Rice—Carolina is in reduced stock, and very quiet. The stock of East India is heavy, but has been in pretty large request since our last, both in the market and Boston, and prices of Patna have improved 25 cents per bbl. The sales here are 3500 bags Patna at $5,37½ @ $5,62½ cash, and 1000 do do Rangoon at $5 @ $5,25, cash.

On Change.

Thursday, July 17th, 1862.

Few ounces, not exceeding 6,000, sold to-day at an opening at 40 and closing at 411.

The Spanish polacre *Conchita* has been chartered on joint account with the captain to load a cargo of beef in the Uruguay for Havana, at 10 rls. and 10 per cent. The beef to be paid for at 15 1/2rls.

A cargo of jerked beef from Gualeguaychu has been sold at 15 1/2rls, 760 Entre Rios dry hides at 46rls, 24 bales Cordova wool 33 1/2rls, 50 dozen sheepskins, part at 58 and the remainder at 60; 170 inferior dry hides from the North at $120, and several other small parcels at current rates.

Our "Montevideo" correspondent informs us of the sale of 30 bales of Marjenetta, from Cadiz at 9rls 4 months.

We know of no transactions in freights or Saladero produce.

Market reports from Liverpool show a decline of 1/8 to 1/4d. for hides and 2 to 3d. for tallow.

Yesterday 4,000 arrobes tallow from the Laguna de los Padres were sold to dealer here at 16rls; 1000 camp manadero hides at 44rls and 1300 dry Entre Rios do at 47rls.

Comestibles.

To arrive from Rio Janeiro, via Montevideo, 1600 Larrois inferior flour at 6 1/2 patacons in bond.

ARRIVALS AND IMPORTS

July 17.

National steamer Money from Montevideo.

National steamer Salto, from Montevideo:

National steamer Pavon, from Rosario

British steamer Espigador from Rosario,

SAILINGS AND EXPORTS.

17th.

Antwerp, Italian brig Zilia.

Paraguay, Brazilian brig Albano.

Uruguay Ports, National steamer Salto.

Montevideo, National steamer Money.

CLOSED REGISTER.

Paraguay, Brazilian brig Alba o, by A. M. Mendes, w rrois, tallow 980 qq jerked beef, 200 fanegas salt.

WANTED.

A lad of about 12 or 14 years of age, to do the errand work in a store. Apply at No. 89 calle Piedad.

418

FOR ANTWERP.

Oldenburg 85 Mem. 260 tons. Captain F. Steiner. Discharging Muelle J. N. Bieber.

NOTICE.

The Office of Messrs. Zimmermann Faire has been removed to calle Reconquista, No. 89.

Montevideo, 16th July 1862.

Meerschaum Pipes

Now to de London.

At G. and H. Nackern's,

24 calle Martin.

L.S.W.D.

On sale in the South in fractions of one quarter part of a league to 3 leagues excellent Land for Sheep and at a low price: enquire—Calle Reconquista, No. 46.

PARKER & CORDERO.

J. 17—3p.

FOR SALE

The Mansion of "Casa de los Mayos" con frente a la calle de Mayo No. 50. Calle Reconquista.

Doubloons.

July 17th

Doubloons sold	5,290	
Opening price	40$	410
Various dates	40$	410
Saturday 19th July	40$	411
At intervals	40$	400$
Closing price	411	

Houses and Lands for Sale.

Venegueta, 16 rooms, 2 patios, 14 vrs front by 70 fondo.

Cangallo, 12 rooms, 2 patios, yard-etc, 18 1/2 vrs by 70

San Martin, 9 rooms, 2 patios, garden, 11 1/2 vrs by 70

Mejico, 16 rooms, 2 patios, etc, 21 vrs by 70

Victoria, 9 rooms, 2 patios, yard—16 vrs by 25

Temple, 13 rooms, 3 patios, yard—16 vrs by 63

Temple, 6 rooms, 2 patios, etc—8 vrs by 50

Rivadavia, 12 rooms, 3 patios, yard—8 1/2 vrs by 70

Victoria, 8 rooms, 2 patios, yard—8 1/2 vrs by 70

Rosenguista, 9 rooms, 2 patios and garden—9 vrs by 70

Paraguay, 4 rooms, 2 patios and garden—18 vrs by 32

Bolivar, 16 rooms and one patio—20 vrs by 29

Balcarce, 3 rooms—5 1/2 vrs by 17 1/2

Do, 9 rooms, 14 1/2 vrs by 22

Parque, 14 rooms, 4 patios and 2 stables—17 1/2 vrs by 25

Las Artes, 4 rooms—8 vrs by 17 1/2

Do, 3 rooms, 6 vrs by 17 1/2

Do, 6 rooms and 2 patios—8 1/2 vrs by 50 fd

Esta los Cuadros, 5 rooms and 2 patios 8 1/2 vrs by 25

Mejico, 14 rooms, 2 patios and garden, 19 vrs by 70

Once de Setiembre, large house fit for business—50 vrs by 70

Bolivar, 7 rooms and one patio—31 vrs by 21

Defensa, shops and dwelling houses—14 1/2 vrs by 35

Temple, a large shop or store, with yard attached, 3 rooms and all necessary offices

Parana, another shop, with dwelling house attached

Temple, 9 rooms, 3 patios, yard, etc—50 vrs by 60

Bolivar, 6 rooms—8 1/2 vrs by 70

Victoria, building ground—11 1/2 vrs by 42

Mejico, building ground, 8 3/4 vrs by 50

Rivadavia, building ground, 17 1/2 vrs by 60

A piece of land, with a rancho, near Barracas bridge, 25 vrs by 235

Land with 3 ranchos, near railway station at Moron

Land for sheep, to the south, from one league to the one-sixth of a league

Several houses, and apartments furnished and unfurnished.

—

Apply to

DAVIS and CO,

Houses and Land Agents,

Calle 25 de Mayo, No 68.

NOTICE.

301—San Martin—301

Near the San Fernando Rail-way.

The undersigned hopes to inform his friends and patrons that he has opened the above house as a boarding and lodging house and he will use his best efforts to give satisfaction to all who patronize him.

C. Scott,

Proprietor.

14—1m.

MUSIC LESSONS.

An English lady, long resident in this country, is desirous of giving lessons on the Piano, at her residence.

For particulars apply at 72 Calle Belgrano or by letter, addressed Mra J. office of this paper.

COLEGIO ANGLO PORTEÑO,

Calle Mosqueto—2042.

This school has been established for several years and is well known in the city.

No pains are spared to make the place of instruction attractive to the pupils and the instruction itself profitable.

Patrons are respectfully invited to visit the School, and to note carefully the monthly reports of progress and deportment.

The English, Spanish, and French languages are carefully taught by skilful masters, and every branch of useful or ornamental education may be pursued in either of these languages.

Day pupils can be received at any time, and a few could be accommodated as boarders or half boarders.

June 26th 1862.

126—1m.

JUST PUBLISHED.

A most interesting treatise on sheep husbandry, price $5 mje

No sheep-farmer in the country should be without this book.

Published by the editors of the "Standard," calle Belgrano, 72 and 74

To be had also at Messrs Mechern's book store, calle San Martin.

Notice to the Public.

Mr. William Knight partner of the firm of Knight and Parish having left this City in consequence of unfortunate speculations in connexion with the Union, according to the assertion of Mr. Reilly who has received a letter from said Knight to that effect.

The public will please, take notice that the firm of Knight and Parish is dissolved, and that I as the responsible partner of such firm will recognize only such debts incurred by said firm in the legal discharge, or carrying on of the legitimate business of said firm according to the terms of the articles of copartnership of said firm duly registered in the office of the Tribunal de Comercio.

And further that from this day forward I will recognize no debt or obligation save those contracted by me and bearing my signature.

Buenos Ayres, 18th 1862.

Bart. Parody.

The Cheapest and Best

PRINTING OFFICE

IN TOWN.

All sorts of Fancy Printing Cards, Bill-heads, account sheets and receipts, invitations, &c, done in superior style and at the shortest notice. Placards got up in the London style.

"Standard" Printing Office,

Calle Belgrano, 72 and 74

—

WANTED.

A couple of first rate horse-shoers none but good workmen need apply. Good wages given.

GEORGE WILDE,

Carmichel.

21 Calle 25 de Mayo.

Sina Sina Seed.

On Sale at the English Grocery Store, No 21 Rivadavia, Sina Sina Seed of the very best description, by the cantilla or the lb.

Adolfo Wilkinson.

—

The Proprietor of the

Gran Emporio de Luz del Plata

—VIELDS—

To the Public wish, and this day reduces the price of *Kerosine Oil*, which will hereafter be sold at the following rates—

By the 5-gallon can, at $35 per gallon

" Single gallon, at 9

" Quart, at 2

And in larger quantities at much more reduced prices.

The Three Musketeers.

By Dumas.

Any person having this novel for sale will please apply to the "Standard" office.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

Calle San Martin—Sale no 11 1/2 vrs front by 70 deep. Some materials, whether 2 Rooms and Patio, to be—Sale no 13 1/2 vrs front by 70 deep, and Stables—Sale no 15 1/2 vrs front by 70 deep, and Stables—Sale no 17 1/2 vrs front by 70 deep, and Stables—Sale no 19 1/2 vrs front by 70 deep, and Stables—Sale no